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stepbystep
[1] Thread a needle on 1 yd ( 9 m ) of beading thread Leaving a 6 -in. $(15 \mathrm{~cm})$ tail, Leaving a $6-\mathrm{in}$. ( 15 cm ) tal pick up an 8 mm round bead. Bring the thread back through the hole in the same direction, hs if creating same direction, as if creating a stop bead (Basics, p. 12) should have two threads running parallel along each side of the bead (photo a). [2] Pick up two color A $11^{\circ}$ seed beads. Sew under two seed beads. Sew under two
exterior threads on one side of the bead, making sure not of the bead, making sure no to pierce the threads. Sew picked up (photo b). [3] Pick up an A, sew under the two exterior threads, and sew back through the A just picked up. Repeat, continuing in brick stitch (Basics) until you've added a total of six A [4] To add the seventh bead, pick up an A and cover the 8 mm 's hole by sewing under the two threads on the other side of the bead (photo c).

[5] Continue around the 8 mm until you've added six As on this side. Add the seventh bead as in step 4. To complete the round, sew down through the first A picked up, and sew up through the second A. Pull the thread tight. [6] Pick up three color B $11^{\circ}$ Sew under the next thread bridge, and sew back throug the last B added (photo d). [7] Pick up two Bs, and ew under the next thread sew under the next thread last B picked up. Repeat to complete the second round. [8] At the end of the round, pick up a $B$, and sew down through the first B picked up in this round (photo e), unde the thread bridge, and back through that same B. [9] To make the cente fringe, sew through the beadwork to exit the second-round B closest to the 8 mm 's hole. 10] Pick up two Bs, an A, 4 mm round crystal or firepolished bead, an A, a 5 mm bicone crystal, an A, a 4 mm , an $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{a} 5 \mathrm{~mm}$, an A, a 6 mm round crystal or fire-polished


EDITOR'S NOTE Get creative with fringe substitutions Try using $6^{\circ}$ seed beads and $8^{\circ}$ s, or try a dagger bead instead of the picot at the end.

## FLAT EVEN-COUNT PEYOTE STITCH

## Make the connection

Decorative metal links take a flat peyote band to a higher level
designed by Kim Spooner
Tiny 1.5 mm cube beads form a peyote band that's the perfect size for weaving between the metal connector links that lend structure to this dimensional design. I love how easy it is to create more than one bracelet for different occasions or moods by changing the components.

Flat ribbon crimp ends reate a clean finish fo this peyote bracelet.
stepbystep

## Bracelet base

1] Center a beading
heedle on a comfortable length of conditioned thread Basics, p. 12). Working with doubled thread, pick up a stop bead (Basics), leaving an 8 -in. $(20 \mathrm{~cm})$ tail. 2] Pick up four cube beads, and, working in flat, evencount peyote stitch (Basics), create a band that is four beads wide and approximately $63 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. ( 17.1 cm ) long. Add hread (Basics) as needed.
[3] Remove the stop bead, secure the tails with a few half-hitch knots (Basics) between beads, and trim.
[1] On 112 yd . ( 1.4 m ) of conditioned thread, pick up a stop bead, leaving an 8 -in. $(20 \mathrm{~cm})$ tail.
2] Pick up four color A $11^{\circ}$ cylinder or seed beads and, working in flat, even-count peyote stitch, create a band that is four beads wide and ong enough to wrap around and connect the sides of two
metal links (approximately $/ 4 \mathrm{in} . / 1.9 \mathrm{~cm}$ long or 22 to 26 ows). Make sure that the working thread and tail are on opposite sides (photo a). Remove the stop bead.
3] With two metal links inside of it, zip up (Basics) the peyote band (photo b) to form a ring. Retrace the thread path for support, and secure the working thread and tails in the beadwork. 4] Repeat steps $1-3$ to make a total of five peyote components.

## Assembly

1] Thread the bracelet base through the metal links of a peyote component, centering the component on the base. Spread the metal links out so that the peyote ring is ouching the base. 2] On 18 in . ( 46 cm ) of conditioned thread, pick up a stop bead, leaving a 6 -in. 15 cm ) tail. Sew up through the bracelet base and both layers of the center of the peyote ring (photo c). 3] Pick up a spacer, a seed pearl if desired, and a color B

## EDITOR'S NOTE:

If you can't find metal links that you like, use bead frames. If possible, hide the holes within the peyote components.
If your links or frames are large, they may not lie evenly. To correct this, use 1.5 mm cube beads to create four-bead-wide peyote bands long enough to hold the undersides of adjoining links. Zip up (Basics) these peyote bands into rings, but there's no need to sew them to the base.

$1{ }^{\circ}$. Skip the B, and sew back through the pearl, spacer, both layers of the peyote ring, and the bracelet base (photo d). [4] Sew through a cube bead on the base, and retrace the thread path, exiting no more than one bead away from the tail. Pull taut, tie the end in a square knot (Basics), secure the tails in the bead work with a few half-hitch knots, and trim.
[5] Repeat steps 1-4,
spacing the four remaining components evenly along the length of the bracelet.
[6] Test the fit of a ribbon crimp end, and adjust it using chainnose pliers (photo e) until the fit is snug but the beads can still slide out.
7] Using a toothpick, mix a wo-part epoxy according to the manufacturer's instructions. Using the toothpick, apply epoxy to the inside of the ribbon crimp end, and slide it onto one end of the bracelet. Repeat on the other end, and let the glue dry.
8] Open a jump ring
(Basics), and attach it to half of the clasp and to a ribbon

## MATERIALS

bracelet $8^{1 / 2}$ in. $(21.6 \mathrm{~cm})$

- 53 mm seed pearls
(optional)
- 4 g 1.5 mm cube beads - 2 g size $11^{\circ}$ Japanese cylinder or seed beads, color A
- 5 size $11^{\circ}$ Japanese cylinder or seed beads color B
- 54 mm spacers
- 10 square metal links, fancy jump rings or bead frames, minimum 7 mm insides diameter (Fusion Beads, (Fusion Beads,
fusionbeads.com) - clasp
- clasp
- 210 mm ribbon crimp ends - 2-6 4-6mm jump rings - beading thread, conditioned with beeswax or Thread Heaven
- beading needles, \#12 - toothpicks
- two-part epoxy
- chainnose pliers

crimp end. Close the jump ring. Repeat on the other end, adding more jump rings if desired for more length.
ry different shapes, like these oval metal links. Make sure that their inside diameter is large enough (at least 7 mm ) o accommodate your band.


The vintage rhinestone clasps are the centerpieces of these bracelets - their glitz pairs well with the sparkle of the crystals. Beautiful box, filigree, rhinestone, and gemstone clasps are widely available and make great focal points.
stepbystep
You may have to adjust the number of rows of square stitch you need for the size of your clasp. Subtract the length of the clasp from the desired bracelet length to determine how long the first row of beads you pick up should be.
[1] On 3 yd. ( 2.7 m ) of Power Pro or Fireline, leaving a $12-\mathrm{in} .(30 \mathrm{~cm})$ tail, string an alternating pattern of two 11 seed beads and a 4 mm crystal to the desired length, ending with two $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ (figure 1, a-b).
[2] Pick up two $11^{\circ}$ s, and working in modified square stitch (Basics, p. 12), sew through the two $11^{\circ}$ s your thread is exiting and the two $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ just added
again (b-c).
[3] Sew through the 4 mm in the previous row (c-d)
[4] Pick up two $11^{\circ}$ s, and sew through and the two $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ just added.
[5] Repeat steps 3 and 4 to complet
[6] To start the next row, repeat step 2 (figure 2, a-b).
[7] Pick up a 4 mm and two $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ (b-c). Sew through the next two $11^{\circ}$ s in the previous row and the two $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ just added (c-d). Repeat to complete the row. [8] Continue adding rows using modified square stitch until your band equals the width of the clasp.
[9] To attach the clasp, exit the first set of $11^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$ at one end of the band (figure 3, point a). Pick up two $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ and sew prough the first loop of one half of the lasp (a-b). Pick up two $11^{\circ}$ s and sew through the next set of $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ on the through the next set of $11^{\circ}$ s on the band's edge (b-c). Sew through the next
pair of $11^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ in the end row ( $\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{d}$ ). Repeat across the edge to attach the remaining across the edge to attach the remaining path to reinforce the join. Secure the path to reinforce the join. Secure the
working thread with a few half-hitch knots (Basics), and trim.
10] Repeat step 9 using the tail and the other half of the clasp.

## MATERIALS

bracelet $51 / 2 \mathrm{in} .(14 \mathrm{~cm})$ without
clasp

- 80-100 4 mm bicone crystals - 5 g size $11^{\circ}$ seed beads
- vintage or decorative box clasp
- Power Pro 10 ll . test or

Fireline 6-8 lb. test

- beading needles, \#10


## EDITOR'S NOTE

$11^{\circ}$ seed beads come in different finishes and styles Try $11^{\circ}$ hex-cut seed beads in por example.


SQUARE STITCH

## Line it up

## Rows of crystals and seed beads worked in modified

 square stitch showcase a vintage clasp
## RIGHT-ANGLE WEAVE / LADDER STITCH / SQUARE STITCH

## Right-angle weave,



Embellished, modified right-angle-weave units create an open base that is filled in with ladder stitch sections
designed by Linda L. Jones


This dramatic cuff bracelet looks complicated, but it's only a few simple stitches combined one layer at a time. Due to the nature of each technique, the thread can show in some places, so it is important to use thread that closely matches the color of your beads. Although this lends itself to a more monochromatic color scheme, you can use more than one color of thread if you want more contrast.

## step $b v$ step

After completing the base of right-angle weave units, you will add four rows of square stitch and a clasp to each end. This will add about $1^{1 / 2 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. $(3.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) to the length. Keep this in mind if you ar using a different type of clasp.

## Base

[1] On 3 yd. ( 2.7 m ) of thread, pick up
alternating pattern of a 6 mm firepolished bead and three color A $11^{\circ}-$ seed beads four times (figure 1, a-b), leaving an $18-\mathrm{in}$. $(46 \mathrm{~cm})$ tail.
2] Sew through the 6 mms again, skipping the As (b-c). The As should form points. If they don't, use your needle to coax them into position as you gently pull the thread to snug up
the As. Sew through the next 6 mm and two As (c-d).
[3] Begin a 4 mm fire-polished-bead unit by picking up an A, a 4 mm , three As , a 4 mm , three As, a 4 mm , three As , a 4 mm , and an A. Sew through the A your thread exited and the first A added in this step (figure 2, a-b).
[4] Sew through the 4 mms again, skipping the As (b-c). Sew through the next 4 mm and two As ( $\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{d}$ ). [5] Continue working in modified right-angle weave (Basics, p. 12), adding one more 6 mm unit and one more 4 mm unit (figure 3, a-b)
[6] Flip your beadwork and work another row of alternating 6 mm and 4 mm units as shown (figure 4 , a-b). [7] Continue adding rows of alternating units until you either have 11 rows or

## MATERIALS

bracelet $7^{1 / 2}$ in. ( 19.1 cm )

- $106 \times 9 \mathrm{~mm}$ teardrop beads (optional
- 966 mm Czech fire--polished beads
- 1204 mm Czech fire-polished beads
- 243 mm Czech fire-polished beads or round silver beads
- 5 g siza $11^{\circ}$ beed
gize seed beads, in each of 2 colors: A, B
- multistrand slid
multistrand slide clasp (Rio Grande, riogrande.com)
nylon beading thread to match bead
color, size D - beading needles, \#
you reach the desired base length.
[8] Exit the center A on the end unit of an end row (figure 5, point a). Pick up eight As and sew through the center A at the end of the next end unit $(\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b})$. Repeat twice (b-c).
[9] Pick up an A and work a square stitch (Basics) off the previous row (c-d). Continue back across the row in square stitch, using As until you reach the other end ( $\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{e}$ ). [10] Sew through the beadwork to exit point f. Work 20 square stitches off the previous row using As ( $\mathfrak{f}-\mathrm{g}$ ).

Linda L. Jones designed her cuff (above) with a side edging of teardrop bit of width. The other cuff has a more symmetrical look (right).


FIGURE 1




FIGURE 4
[3090309530953030


